

# **PCT**



(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference  MBUS 1129	FOR FURTHER ACTION		on of Transmittal of International examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No.	International filing date (day	month year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/GB 92/02334	16/12/1992		16/12/1991
International Patent Classification (IPC) or		l.	
	C07D257/02		
Applicant			
JOHNSON MATTHEY PUBLIC L	IMITED COMPANY et a	al.	
This international preliminary exal     Authority and is transmitted to the			ational Preliminary Examining
2. This REPORT consists of a tota	l of sheets.		
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings amended during international preliminary examination and/or containing rectifications made before this Authority.			
These annexes consists of a total of	of <u>53</u> sheets.		
3. This report contains indications ar	nd corresponding pages relating	to the following i	tems:
I X Basis of the report			·
II Priority			
III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
IV Lack of unity of invention			
V Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement			
VI X Certain documents cited			
VII Certain defects in the international application			
VIII X Certain observations on the international application			
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Date of submission of the demand	Dat	te of completion o	of this report
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08/07/1993			<b>11.</b> 03. 94
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/	Aut	horized officer	
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich		I.A. Tel	\\
Tel. ( 149-89) 2399-0, Tx: 5230 Fax: ( 149-89) 2399-4465	656 epmu d	L.A. Fell	er
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Form PCT/IPEA/409 (sheet 1) (July 1992)

4. Additional observations, if necessary:

With the exception of the matter indicated above the Claims are based on the application as originally filed:

Claim 1: Orinial Claim 1 in combination with original Claims
1, 2 and 7; page 4, lines 25, 26, 21; page 5, lines 1, 2

Claim 2: Original Claim 4

Claim 3: Original Claim 6

Claims 4-18: Original Claims 8-17, 20-23, 26

Claims 19-41: Original Claims 27, 28, 33-42, 44-46, 49-52,

55-58

Claims 42-45: Original Claims 59-62.

### 1. Cited documents

EP-A-0296522= D1

EP-A-0305320= D2

WO-A-9105762= D3

EP-A-0434385= D4

WO-A-9216494= D5

The indicated designation is used throughout the examination procedure.

### 2. Novelty

The subject matter of the Claims differs from that of the cited prior art D1-D3 in that it refers to compounds comprising two cyclic polyamines <u>linked</u> together, not foreseen in D1-D3. The difference between the subject matter as claimed and D4 resides in the fact that the link comprises an aromatic or heteroaromatic moiety not specifically considered in D4.

Since the priority documents are not available at the moment it could not be checked whether the claimed priority date 16/12/91 is justifiable. On the condition that it is acceptable D5 can remain outside consideration at this stage, but will be highly relevant in the possible regional phase. Subject matter as claimed can be considered to be novel in respect of D1-D4.

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It would appear that the disclaimer of Claim 19, lines 18 and 19 refer to the literature indicated on page 6 of the application.

### 3. Inventive step - broadness of the claims

### 3.1 Subjective problem

According to the application (see page 1) the problem underlying the application is the provision of compounds having activity against infection by HIV.

3.2 Closest prior art

The closest prior art is D4 since the subject matter of your claims is comprised by Claim 1 of D4 (selection) and the compounds of D4 have qualitatively the same pharmacological activity.

- 3.3 Problem which has been objectively solved
  In view of the information and data given in the description
  page 43-49 the tested compounds obviously solve the technical
  problem defined above.
- 3.4 Evaluation of the solution of the problem For the subject matter of the claims D4 is the closest prior art (see above). With these products the problem to provide further compounds which are active against HIV is also solved.

From this document, the person skilled in the art searching for a solution to the problem defined above would have considered further variation of the "link".

It has also to be stressed that e.g. -(CH2)3- and phenylene can be considered as equivalent spacer groups (see e.g. Essentials of Medicinal Chemistry (Wiley), second edition 1988,

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page 82).

3.5 In spite of the opinion indicated above the presence of an inventive step for specific subject matter could be acknowledged if it is made credible by test results that apart from the problem defined above another more exacting problem, which can be deduced from the original application (e.g. surprising improvements), has actually been solved by using originally disclosed technical characteristics which should be incorporated in claim 1.

It should be taken into consideration that only the structurally closest compounds of the closest prior art D4 are useful for a meaningful comparison. The application contains already comparative data with AZT but since AZT is not the closest prior art the data are prima facie not relevant for inventive step considerations. On the other hand D4 also contains comparative data with AZT. Since the test procedure is actually the same in D4 and the application the data of D4 and the application could be compared. The closest prior art compound is 1,1'-(1,5-pentanediyl) bis-1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane of D4 to be compared with compound B of the application. For this prior art compound no data are available from D4; the corresponding value should therefore be provided by the Applicant and be compared to the compounds of the application wherein A is phenylene and its equivalents ( pyridinediyl, thiophenediyl).

The ED value for the corresponding 1,6-hexanediyl compound of D4 (compound H) is 0.54 for HIV-1 (see table of D4, pages 4/5 ) and could be taken for a comparison with the compounds which are structurally compareably (see compound J, K and L). Since those compounds compare favourably an inventive step could therefore be acknowledged for subject matter of Claims 8, 14, 15, 29, 34 and 35.

3.6 Broadness of the claims

The breadth should be such that it could be expected that the compounds comprised would actually solve the problem underlying the invention defined in point 3.5. It is noted that the the Applicant has deleted compounds H, I, S, U and V showing



Intern. application No. PCT/GB92/02334

an unfavourable level of activity. It is also apparent that the activity depends also on the kind of link (see compound V). It is considered not to be acceptable that specific possibilities which do not solve the problem are disclaimed; a positiv formulation should be chosen. The definition of A must be such that all possibilities comprised could be expected to solve the problem on which an inventive step could be based. Specifically all features which are essential to solve that problem should go into Claim 1.

## 4). Industrial applicability

As far as the compounds comprised by the claims of the application can be prepared and have some useful property no objection arises.

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I. Certain documents cited		-	<del>.</del>
. Certain published docume	nts		
Application No.  Patent No.	Publication date (day/month/year)	Filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (valid claim) (day/month/year)
WO-A-9216494	01/10/92	11/03/92	15/03/91
2. Non-written disclosures			
Kind of non-written di	·	non-written disclosure day/month/year)	Date of written disclosure referring to non-written disclosure (day/month/year)
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INTERNATIONAL	PRELIMINARY	EXAMINATION	REPORT

Intern.	application	No.
PCT/C	B92/02	334

VIII. Certain observations on the international applicati
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The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

- 1. Clarity of the claims, support by the description
- a) The general expression "aromatic or heteroaromatic moiety"," which is contained in Claim 1 and 19 should be defined according to the description.
- b) In Claim 1 formula (I) R and R' should be replaced by CH3.
- 2). Description

The description should be amended according to the claims.

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# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY



# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference			
MBUS 1129	FOR FURTHER ACTION	rremintary	tion of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No.	International filing date (day)	monthlyear)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/GB 92/ 02334	16/12/1992		16/12/1991
International Patent Classification (IPC) or	national classification and IPC		23,12,1331
	C07D257/02	-	
Applicant			
JOHNSON MATTHEY PUBLIC L	[MITED COMPANY et a	1.	
<ol> <li>This international preliminary exam Authority and is transmitted to the</li> </ol>	nination report has been prepare applicant according to Article 3	ed by this Intern 16.	ational Preliminary Examining
2. This REPORT consists of a total			
		of the descriptions i	n, claims and/or drawings amended made before this Authority.
These annexes consists of a total of	53 sheets.		·
3. This report contains indications and	· ·	the following to	
[X] Basis of the report	0,70	o the following i	tems:
II Priority			
<u> </u>	inion with accordan		
IV Lack of unity of inventio	inion with regard to novelty, in	ventive step and	industrial applicability
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citations and explanations	regard to novelty, inventive ste s supporting such statement	p or industrial a	pplicability;
VI X Certain documents cited			
VII Certain defects in the inte	rnational application	• .	
Company Compan	he international application		
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Date of mile			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of	completion of	this report
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ame and mailing address of the IPEA/	Authori	zed officer	
D-80298 Munich	w .	171	
Tel. (+49-89) 2399-0, Tx: 523656 Fax: (+49-89) 2399-4465	epmu d	V. Weild	
m PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (July 1992) I	20476 (18/08/1903)		



exclude matter which cannot considered to be inventive. It has to be stressed that disclaimers are not allowable in order to fulfil the inventive step requirement.

The description contains on page 6, lines 1 and 2 "and there are preferably 3 or 4 nitrogen atoms" which has no original disclosure as it appears.

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (sheet 1) (July 1992)



4. Additional observations, if necessary:

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Claim 2: Original Claim 4

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Claims 4-18: Original Claims 8-17, 20-23, 26

Claims 19-41: Original Claims 27, 28, 33-42, 44-46, 49-52, 55~58

Claims 42-45: Original Claims 59-62.

Intern.	application	No
PCT/C	B92/023	3

7. Reasoned statement under Article 350 citations and explanations supporting		p and industrial applicability
. STATEMENT		
Movelty (N)	Claims 1-45, yes	
	Claims	
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims 8, 14, 15, 29, 34, 35, yes_	VPC
	Claims 1-7, 9-13, 16-28, 30-33, 36-	45, noNO
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims 1-45, yes	VEC
	Claims	0X

## 2. CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

## 1. Cited documents

EP-A-0296522= D1

EP-A-0305320= D2

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Porm PCT/IPEA/409 (sheet 4) (July 1992)

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NTERNATIONAL PR	ELITARY EXAMI	NATION REPORT	Intern. application No. PCT/GB92/02334
I. Certain documents cited	<u>"</u>	<u> </u>	<u>n</u>
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Application No. Patent No.	Publication date (day/month/year)	Piling date (day/month/year)	Priority date (valid claim) (day/month/year)
WO-A-9216494	01/10/92	11/03/92	15/03/91
Bon-written disclosures			
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